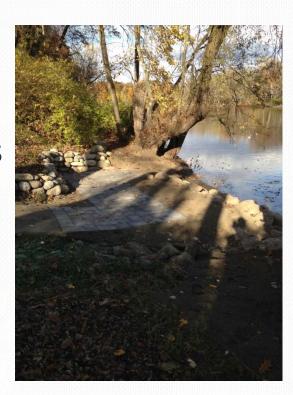




Overview

- Project Background
- RI/FS Process
- Study Area/Project Boundary
- Existing Data and Removal Actions
- Floodplain Sampling
- Human Health Risk Assessment
- Ecological Risk Assessment
- Next Steps





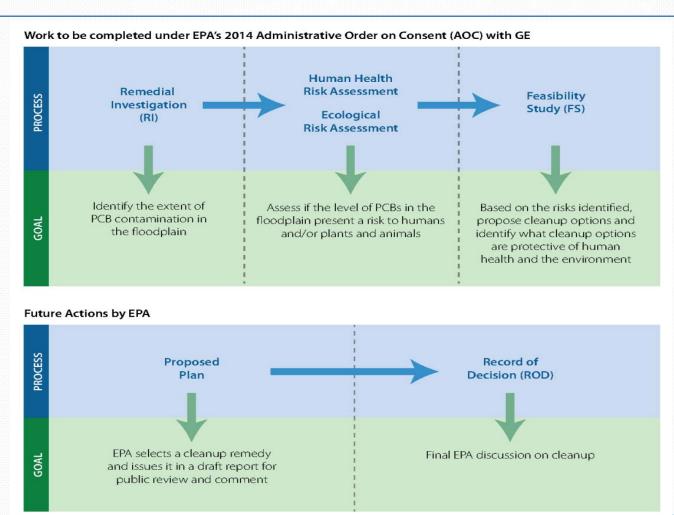


Project Background

- Floodplains Administrative Order on Consent (AOC) –
 September 30, 2014
 - Final RI/FS Work Plan
- Ongoing Agreement Removal Actions
- The Upper Hudson River Floodplain unique challenges
 - Floodplain encompasses ~3,000 properties covering ~6,200 acres
 - 40 river miles (80 miles of shoreline [east/west banks])



Hudson River Floodplains RI/FS Process







Project Organization

- EPA Lead Agency Oversight Decision Making
 - U.S. Army Corps of Engineers IAG
 - Technical experts, review and oversight
 - Consultants
- General Electric
 - Conducting the RI/FS
 - Consultants
 - Contractors
- Involved Agencies
 - NYSDEC, NYDOH, NYSCC, NOAA, USFW, NPS (also land owner)
 - Support, review and recommendations
- Property Owners
 - Primarily private property and NY State property

















Project Area Boundaries

- Baker Falls to Federal Dam in Troy, NY
- 100 year floodplain
 - Outer: Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) or the extent of the highest-flow event in 2011 as agreed upon between EPA and GE
 - Inner: the river elevation corresponding to 2,000 cfs
 - Near-shore Sediments
 - Backwater Areas
- Area between Baker Falls and Ft. Edward
 - Will be assessed using the RI/FS Work Plan approach or by an approach approved by EPA
- Other Sites
 - Sites otherwise addressed relocated river sediments
 - Evaluation of PCB deposition by flooding





Existing Data/Removal Actions

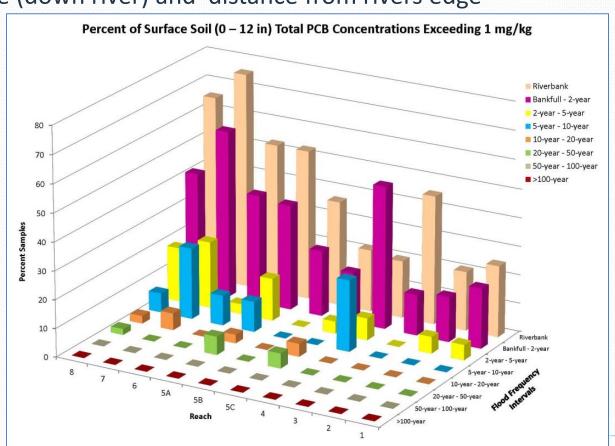
- >500 properties have been sampled to-date
 - 3,152 core samples collected
 - 7,115 samples analyzed for PCBs
- 41 Removal Actions
 - Soil covers
- 23 properties
 - Signage placed





Frequency of Elevated PCB Concentrations

 General decrease in frequency and concentration with distance from source (down river) and distance from rivers edge





Floodplain Sampling

- Collection and analysis of additional floodplain soils to improve the data set for the Floodplain Characterization Report and during the risk assessment (data gap sampling)
- Sampling for ecological risk assessment
- Multiple data collection events will be necessary









Floodplain Sampling (cont.)

- Backwater Area Sampling
 - Areas of standing water (e.g. ponds)
 - Areas of flowing water (e.g. streams)
 - Flooded areas that retain water



- Old Champlain Canal Sampling (standing water)
 - Additional sampling needed within floodplain
- GE to prepare sampling plan for EPA review
- Mapping field verification- standing water, nearshore sediments, Fort Edward Pool, etc
- Ongoing flood deposition sampling "Flood mud"





Human Health Risk Assessment

- Includes Screening Level Risk Assessment (SLA)
- Pathway Analysis
- Phase 1 Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment (Phase 1 BHHRA)
- Phase 2 Baseline Human Health Risk Assessment (Phase 2 BHHRA)
- Evaluation using Flood Frequency Unit (FFU)
 - Local regions proposed
- Includes evaluation of Unique Areas (e.g. islands and tributary banks)
 - Unique areas have been proposed





Screening Level Risk Assessment

- Each tax parcel will be evaluated decisions made by parcel
- Conservatively identify properties to be carried forward
 - Maximum concentrations will be used
- SLA primarily uses existing sampling data
 - Comparison to residential default value of 0.24 mg/kg
 - For properties proposed for elimination evaluation includes supplemental consideration of the physical characteristics
 - Geographic location
 - Topography
 - Land cover
 - Land use
 - Others





Pathway Analysis

Consideration of:

- Current and reasonably anticipated future uses,
- Current ownership, land use, zoning, topography, planning documents,
- General trends in residential development,
- Agricultural practices,
- Recreational activities

• Data used:

- County land use data
- Historic aerial photos
- Human use and habitat maps
- Others as applicable







Phase 1 BHHRA

- Conservative, refined screening level risk assessment to identify areas of the floodplain to be carried forward to the Phase 2 BHHRA
- Assign general use categories: residential, agricultural, commercial/industrial, and recreational
- Compared to appropriate exposure factors
- Statistical approach will be used to calculate the Exposure Point Concentrations (EPC) for each Exposure Area (EA)
- Verification sampling for a subset of EAs screened out using calculated EPCs
- Supplemental Evaluation of EAs which were screened out





Phase 2 BHHRA

- Refine risk estimates from Phase 1 using site specific data for Exposure Area specific Exposure Point Concentrations
- Prepare Data Collection Plan for Phase 2 parcels
- Separate assessment conducted during Phase 2 to assess Near-shore Sediment areas
- Compared to appropriate exposure factors





Near-Shore Sediments







Near-Shore Sediments Evaluation

- Includes near-shore sediments between the elevation of 2,000 cfs flow and 5,000 cfs
- Near-shore sediments evaluation will identify areas that are likely to be accessible for human use, excluding areas that have been or will be dredged
- Identification and assessment will include existing and additional sampling and other factors including:
 - Bank height & slope, substrate, vegetation, width of sediment, and land use





Ecological Risk Assessment

- Problem Formulation Workshop (PFW)
- Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment
- Phase 1 and 2 Baseline Risk Assessment









Problem Formulation Workshop

- December 2013
- Collaborative effort between EPA, GE and Involved Agencies
- Set the process for making decisions on the assessment and measurement tools for the ecological risk assessment
- Consensus achieved
- Next steps
 - Interactive stepwise process as it relates to the ecological risk assessment





Next Steps

- Flood Plains Characterization Report under review
- Cultural Resources Work Plan under review
- Screening Level Human Health and Ecological Risk Assessments
- EPA and GE discussing statistical approach for calculating Exposure Point Concentrations
- Pathway Analysis
- Prepare Field Sampling Plan (data gaps)
 - GE to work with EPA to establish sampling locations
- Floodplain Sampling
- Data management approach
- Refining schedule
- Community Involvement Plan





Questions and Contact Information

EPA Hudson River field office relocated from Hudson Falls, NY to Albany, NY on April 20, 2015

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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency – Region 2

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EPAHRFO@outlook.com

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MON – FRI: 8 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. (evenings by appointment) Closed weekends and federal holidays.

